



DIGEST OF SB 262 (Updated February 2, 2004 4:04 pm - DI 71)

Citations Affected: IC 20-12; IC 23-13; noncode.

Synopsis: Tuition and fees for state educational institutions. Provides that a state educational institution may increase the tuition and mandatory fees for a full-time undergraduate student who is an Indiana resident by not more than a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index (established by the commission for higher education) or 4%, which is greater, each year for four academic years (for four-year schools) or two academic years (for Ivy Tech and Vincennes) following the academic year in which the student officially accepts an offer of admission from the institution. Requires a state educational institution to set tuition and mandatory fees for the following academic year and notify the budget committee of the rates set before December 1 of each year. Allows a state educational institution to reset tuition and mandatory fees after the state biennial budget is adopted; however, provides that a student who has already official accepted an offer of admission to the institution must be charged the tuition and fees in effect at the time of the acceptance, unless the reset tuition and fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the acceptance.

Effective: July 1, 2004.

Kenley, Skinner, Jackman, Miller, Drozda

January 8, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Education and Career Development.

Development.

January 15, 2004, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 2, 2004, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.











Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

C

SENATE BILL No. 262

0

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

p

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

y

SECTION 1. IC 20-12-0.5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.24-2003, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 8. The commission shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) To develop, continually keep current, and implement a long range plan for postsecondary education. In developing this plan, the commission shall take into account the plans and interests of the state private institutions, anticipated enrollments in state postsecondary institutions, financial needs of students and other factors pertinent to the quality of educational opportunity available to the citizens of Indiana. The plan shall define the educational missions and the projected enrollments of the various state educational institutions.
- (2) To consult with and make recommendations to the commission on vocational and technical education within the department of workforce development on all postsecondary vocational education programs. The commission shall biennially



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

	2
1	prepare a plan for implementing postsecondary vocationa
2	education programming after considering the long range state
3	plan developed under IC 20-1-18.3-10. The commission shal
4	submit this plan to the commission on vocational and technica
5	education within the department of workforce development for its
6	review and recommendations, and shall specifically report on how
7	the plan addresses preparation for employment.
8	(3) To make recommendations to the general assembly and the
9	governor concerning the long range plan, and prepare to submi
10	drafts and proposed legislation needed to implement the plan. The
11	commission may also make recommendations to the genera
12	assembly concerning the plan for postsecondary vocationa
13	education under subdivision (2).
14	(4) To review the legislative request budgets of all state
15	educational institutions preceding each session of the genera
16	assembly and to make recommendations concerning
17	appropriations and bonding authorizations to state educationa
18	institutions including public funds for financial aid to students by
19	any state agency. The commission may review all programs of any
20	state educational institution, regardless of the source of funding
21	and may make recommendations to the governing board of the
22	institution, the governor, and the general assembly concerning the
23	funding and the disposition of the programs. In making this
24	review, the commission may request and shall receive, in such
25	form as may reasonably be required, from all state educationa
26	institutions, complete information concerning all receipts and al
27	expenditures.
28	(5) To submit to the commission on vocational and technica

(5) To submit to the commission on vocational and technical education within the department of workforce development for its review under IC 20-1-18.3-15 the legislative budget requests prepared by state educational institutions for state and federal funds for vocational education. These budget requests shall be prepared upon request of the budget director, shall cover the period determined by the budget director, and shall be made available to the commission within the department of workforce development before review by the budget committee.

(6) To make, or cause to be made, studies of the needs for various types of postsecondary education and to make recommendations to the general assembly and the governor concerning the organization of these programs. The commission shall make or cause to be made studies of the needs for various types of postsecondary vocational education and shall submit to the





29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

1	commission on vocational and technical education within the
2	department of workforce development its findings in this regard.
3	(7) To approve or disapprove the establishment of any new
4	branches, regional or other campuses, or extension centers or of
5	any new college or school, or the offering on any campus of any
6	additional associate, baccalaureate, or graduate degree, or of any
7	additional program of two (2) semesters, or their equivalent in
8	duration, leading to a certificate or other indication of
9	accomplishment. After March 29, 1971, no state educational
10	institution shall establish any new branch, regional campus, or
11	extension center or any new or additional academic college, or
12	school, or offer any new degree or certificate as defined in this
13	subdivision without the approval of the commission or without
14	specific authorization by the general assembly. Any state
15	educational institution may enter into contractual agreements with
16	governmental units or with business and industry for specific
17	programs to be wholly supported by the governmental unit or
18	business and industry without the approval of the commission.
19	(8) If so designated by the governor or the general assembly, to
20	serve as the agency for the purposes of receiving or administering
21	funds available for postsecondary education programs, projects,
22	and facilities for any of the acts of the United States Congress
23	where the acts of Congress require the state to designate such an
24	agency or commission. However, this subdivision does not
25	provide for the designation of the commission by the governor as
26	the recipient of funds which may be provided by acts of the
27	United States Congress, received by an agency, a board, or a
28	commission designated by the general assembly.
29	(9) To designate and employ an executive officer and necessary
30	employees, to designate their titles, and to fix the compensation
31	in terms of the employment.
32	(10) To appoint appropriate advisory committees composed of
33	representatives of state educational institutions, representatives of
34	private colleges and universities, students, faculty, and other
35	qualified persons.
36	(11) To employ all powers properly incident to or connected with
37	any of the foregoing purposes, powers, or duties, including the
38	power to adopt rules.
39	(12) To develop a definition for and report biennially to the:
40	(A) general assembly;
41	(B) governor; and
42	(C) commission on vocational and technical education within



1	the department of workforce development;
2	on attrition and persistence rates by students enrolled in state
3	vocational education.
4	(13) To submit a report to the legislative council not later than
5	August 30 of each year on the status of the transfer of courses and
6	programs between state educational institutions. The report must
7	include any changes made during the immediately preceding
8	academic year.
9	(14) To direct the activities of the committee, including the
10	activities set forth in subdivisions (15) and (16).
11	(15) To develop through the committee statewide transfer of
12	credit agreements for courses that are most frequently taken by
13	undergraduates.
14	(16) To develop through the committee statewide agreements
15	under which associate of arts and associate of science programs
16	articulate fully with related baccalaureate degree programs.
17	(17) To publicize by all appropriate means, including an Internet
18	web site, a master list of course transfer of credit agreements and
19	program articulation agreements.
20	(18) For purposes of assisting state educational institutions in
21	setting tuition rates and mandatory fees only, to perform the
22	following functions:
23	(A) Annually determine the higher education cost of living
24	index, using information developed by the Bureau of Labor
25	Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.
26	(B) Determine when a student is considered to be a
27	full-time student.
28	(C) Determine which fees are mandatory fees; however,
29	mandatory fees may not include fees that:
30	(i) are recommended and supported by students for the
31	funding of student activities and services; or
32	(ii) provide additional student benefits.
33	SECTION 2. IC 20-12-23-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2002,
34	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) The board of trustees of the state university
36	shall be nine (9) in number.
37	(b) This subsection does not apply to the student trustee appointed
38	under IC 20-12-24-3.5. Not more than:
39	(1) one (1) of the trustees elected under IC 20-12-24-2; and
40	(2) two (2) of the trustees appointed under IC 20-12-24-3;
41	may reside in the same county

(c) The trustees and their successors shall be a body politic, with the



style of "The Trustees of Indiana University"; in that name to sue and be sued; to elect one (1) of their number president; to elect a treasurer, secretary, and such other officers as they may deem necessary, to prescribe the duties and fix the compensation of such officers; to possess all the real and personal property of such university for its benefit; to take and hold, in their corporate name any real or personal property for the benefit of such institution; to expend the income of the university for its benefit; to declare vacant the seat of any trustee who shall absent himself from two (2) successive meetings of the board, or be guilty of any gross immorality or breach of the bylaws of the institution; to elect a president, such professors and other officers for such university as shall be necessary, and prescribe their duties and salaries; to employ other persons as necessary; to establish programs of fringe benefits and retirement benefits for the university's officers, faculty, and other employees that may be supplemental to or in lieu of state retirement programs established by statute for public employees; to prescribe the course of study and discipline and, subject to section 2.5 of this chapter, the price of tuition and fees in such university; and to make all bylaws necessary to carry into effect the powers hereby

SECTION 3. IC 20-12-23-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2.5. (a) Beginning with the 2005-2006 academic year, in setting tuition rates and mandatory fees under section 2 of this chapter, the board of trustees must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

- (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- (2) four percent (4%);

whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission.

- (b) The board of trustees shall:
 - (1) set the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university; and
 - (2) notify the budget committee of the tuition rates and mandatory fees;
- for the following academic year before December 1 of each year.
- (c) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

3738

39

40

41

42





rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of trustees must be present at the hearing.

- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
 - (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
 - (2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance.

SECTION 4. IC 20-12-36-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. From and after the date of the location made as aforesaid, the corporate name of the trustees of the Indiana Agricultural College shall be "The Trustees of Purdue University"; and they shall take in charge, have, hold, possess and manage, all and singular, the property and money comprehended in said donations, as also the fund derived from the sale of the land scrip donated under said act of Congress, and the increase thereof, and all money or other property which may hereafter at any time be donated to and for the use of said institution. They shall also have power to organize said university in conformity with the purposes set forth in said act of Congress, holding their meetings at such times and places as they may agree on, a majority of their number constituting a quorum. They shall provide a seal; have power to elect all professors and teachers, removable at their pleasure; fix and regulate compensations, including programs of fringe benefits and retirement benefits that may be supplemental to or in lieu of state retirement programs established by statute for public employees; do all acts necessary and expedient to put and keep said university in operation; and make all bylaws, rules, and regulations required or proper to conduct and manage the same; and, subject to section 4.5 of this chapter, set tuition and fees for students of the university.

SECTION 5. IC 20-12-36-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS









1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4.5. (a) Beginning with the
2	2005-2006 academic year, in setting tuition rates and mandatory
3	fees under section 4 of this chapter, the board of trustees must
4	provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time
5	undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be
6	increased by not more than:
7	(1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living
8	index; or
9	(2) four percent (4%);
10	whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive
11	academic years following the academic year in which the student
12	officially accepts the university's offer of admission.
13	(b) The board of trustees shall:
14	(1) set the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university;
15	and
16	(2) notify the budget committee of the tuition rates and
17	mandatory fees;
18	for the following academic year before December 1 of each year.
19	(c) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees
20	conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition
21	rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public
22	hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of
23	trustees must be present at the hearing.
24	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), not later than sixty (60) days
25	after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational
26	institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and
27	mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an
28	individual who has been offered admission to the university and
29	has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance
30	of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition
31	rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
32	(1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time
33	of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the
34	reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in
35	effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
36	(2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset
37	tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect
38	at the time of the individual's acceptance.
39	SECTION 6. IC 20-12-56-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) All powers,
41	rights, privileges, duties, and obligations, statutory, contractual, or of

whatever kind, conferred by law upon the State Teachers College board



8
or Indiana State College board for the operation, maintenance, and financing of Indiana State University and its properties and facilities or otherwise pertaining thereto, are hereby transferred and shall apply to the Indiana State University board of trustees created by this chapter and shall remain in full force and unchanged, notwithstanding the change of name of said college.
(b) All laws of a general nature referring to Indiana State Normal School, the board of trustees of Indiana State Normal School, Indiana State Teachers College, the State Teachers College Board, Indiana State College, the Indiana State College board, and to any public state
normal school of the state apply to Indiana State University and the Indiana State University board of trustees with equal force and effect (c) Beginning with the 2005-2006 academic year, in setting
tuition rates and mandatory fees, the board of trustees must

- tuition rates and mandatory fees, the board of trustees must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:
 - (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- (2) four percent (4%); whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission.
 - (d) The board of trustees shall:
 - (1) set the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university; and
 - (2) notify the budget committee of the tuition rates and mandatory fees;

for the following academic year before December 1 of each year.

- (e) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of trustees must be present at the hearing.
- (f) Notwithstanding subsection (d), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:

C









1	(1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time	
2	of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the	
3	reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in	
4	effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or	
5	(2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset	
6	tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect	
7	at the time of the individual's acceptance.	
8	SECTION 7. IC 20-12-57.5-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 11. (Board: Body	
10	Corporate; Powers) (a) The board of trustees shall constitute a	4
11	perpetual body corporate with power to do the following:	
12	(a) (1) Manage, control and operate Ball State University.	
13	(b) (2) Sue and be sued.	
14	(c) (3) Let contracts.	
15	(d) (4) Borrow money and issue bonds as authorized by the Indiana	
16	General Assembly.	4
17	(e) (5) Prescribe conditions for admission.	
18	(f) (6) Grant degrees and issue diplomas or certificates.	
19	(g) (7) Fix laboratory, contingent and other fees and charges.	
20	(h) (8) Set fines and penalties.	
21	(i) (9) Define the duties and provide compensation for faculty and	
22	staff of the university including authority to establish fringe benefit	
23	programs including retirement benefits which may be supplemental	
24	to, or in lieu of, state retirement programs for teachers or other	
25	public employees as authorized by law.	
26	(j) (10) Receive and administer all donations, bequests, grants,	
27	funds and property which are given to or provided for the	
28	university.	
29	$\frac{(k)}{(11)}$ Promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to this chapter.	
30	(1) (12) Exercise all powers, rights, privileges and duties conferred	
31	upon the board by other laws of the General Assembly. and	
32	(m) to possess The board of trustees possesses all other power in	
33	order to efficiently operate the affairs of Ball State University.	
34	(b) Beginning with the 2005-2006 academic year, in setting	
35	tuition rates and mandatory fees, the board of trustees must	
36	provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time	
37	undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be	
38	increased by not more than:	
39	(1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living	
40	index; or	
41	(2) four percent (4%);	
42	whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive	



1	academic years following the academic year in which the student	
2	officially accepts the university's offer of admission.	
3	(c) The board of trustees shall:	
4	(1) set the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university;	
5	and	
6	(2) notify the budget committee of the tuition rates and	
7	mandatory fees;	
8	for the following academic year before December 1 of each year.	
9	(d) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees	
10	conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition	
11	rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public	
12	hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of	
13	trustees must be present at the hearing.	
14	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (c), not later than sixty (60) days	
15	after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational	
16	institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and	
17	mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an	
18	individual who has been offered admission to the university and	
19	has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance	
20	of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition	
21	rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:	
22	(1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of	
23	the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset	
24	tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect	
25	at the time of the individual's acceptance; or	
26	(2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition	
27	rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the	
28	time of the individual's acceptance.	V
29	SECTION 8. IC 20-12-61-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	J
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 13. (a) In addition to	
31	the duties described in section 9 of this chapter, the state board may do	
32	the following:	
33	(1) Hold, encumber, control, acquire by donation or purchase,	
34	construct, own, lease, use, and sell real and personal property as	
35	is necessary for the conduct of its program of operation, on	
36	whatever terms and for whatever consideration may be	
37	appropriate.	
38	(2) Accept gifts, grants, bequests, and devises absolutely and in	
39	trust for support of the college or its programs.	
40	(3) Develop and adopt the appropriate programs to be offered.	
41	(4) Develop a statewide salary structure and classification system,	
42	including provisions for employee group insurance, employee	



1	benefits, and personnel policies.
2	(5) Employ the chief administrator of a regional institute.
3	(6) Authorize the chief administrator of a regional institute to
4	employ the necessary personnel for the regional institute,
5	determine their qualifications, and fix their compensation in
6	accordance with statewide policies established under subdivision
7	(4).
8	(7) Grant appropriate certificates of achievement and associate
9	degrees to students who complete prescribed and authorized
10	courses or series of courses.
11	(8) Prescribe rules for the effective operation of a statewide
12	program and exercise other powers that are necessary for the
13	efficient management of the program.
14	(9) Subject to subsection (d), establish a schedule of fees or
15	charges for students and provide scholarships and remission of
16	fees in proper cases.
17	(10) Authorize, approve, enter into, ratify, or confirm any
18	agreement relating to a statewide program or a regional institute
19	with the United States government, acting through any agency of
20	the government designated or created to aid in the financing of
21	such projects, or with any person, organization, or agency offering
22	contracts or grants-in-aid financing the educational facilities or
23	the operation of the facilities and programs.
24	(11) Establish written policies for the investment of the funds of
25	Ivy Tech in the manner provided by IC 30-4-3-3.
26	(b) Before taking any action under subsection (a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(5),
27	or (a)(8) that would substantially affect a regional institute, the state
28	board shall request recommendations concerning the proposed action
29	from the regional board for that region.
30	(c) Upon request of a regional board that has submitted
31	recommendations under subsection (b) or section 12(a)(7) of this
32	chapter, the state board shall conduct public hearings concerning the
33	recommendations at a regular or special meeting of the state board.
34	(d) Beginning with the 2005-2006 academic year, in setting
35	tuition rates and mandatory fees, the state board must provide that
36	the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time student who is
37	a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:
38	(1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living
39	index; or
40	(2) four percent (4%);
41	whichever is greater, each year for the two (2) consecutive
42	academic years following the academic year in which the student



1	officially accepts the college's offer of admission.
2	(e) The state board shall:
3	(1) set the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the college;
4	and
5	(2) notify the budget committee of the tuition rates and
6	mandatory fees;
7	for the following academic year before December 1 of each year.
8	(f) The general assembly recommends that the state board
9	conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition
10	rates and mandatory fees for the college each year. If a public
11	hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the state board
12	must be present at the hearing.
13	(g) Notwithstanding subsection (e), not later than sixty (60) days
14	after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational
15	institutions, the state board may reset tuition rates and mandatory
16	fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who
17	has been offered admission to the college and has officially notified
18	the college of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission
19	before the state board resets tuition rates and mandatory fees
20	under this subsection shall be charged:
21	(1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time
22	of the individual's acceptance of the college's offer, if the reset
23	tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect
24	at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
25	(2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset
26	tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect
27	at the time of the individual's acceptance.
28	SECTION 9. IC 20-12-64-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) The university
30	may do the following:
31	(1) Sue and be sued.
32	(2) Let contracts.
33	(3) Enter into cooperative agreements with other educational
34	institutions, including agreements leading to the use of the
35	university as a host site for an educational program administered
36	by another college or university.
37	(4) Prescribe conditions for admission.
38	(5) Grant degrees and issue diplomas or certificates signifying
39	that a course of postsecondary study has been completed or a
40	degree has been conferred.
41	(6) Fix laboratory, contingent, and other fees and charges.

(7) Set fines and other sanctions for noncompliance with a



1	university contract or rule.	
2	(8) Employ a faculty and staff for the university, define the duties	
3	of the faculty and staff, and provide compensation for the faculty	
4	and staff, including a program of fringe benefits and a program of	
5	retirement benefits that may supplement or supersede the state	
6	retirement programs established by statute for teachers or other	
7	public employees.	
8	(9) Receive, administer, and dispose of all donations, bequests,	
9	grants, funds, and other property that may be given to the	
10	university or otherwise acquired by the university.	
11	(10) Engage in research or public service that furthers an	
12	educational purpose.	
13	(11) Exercise all powers, rights, privileges, and duties conferred	
14	upon the university or the board by any statute enacted by the	
15	general assembly.	
16	(12) Adopt rules to carry out this chapter.	
17	(13) Exercise all other powers necessary to conduct efficiently the	
18	affairs of the university.	
19	(b) Beginning with the 2005-2006 academic year, in setting	
20	tuition rates and mandatory fees, the university must provide that	
21	the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate	
22	student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more	
23	than:	
24	(1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living	
25	index; or	
26	(2) four percent (4%);	
27	whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive	
28	academic years following the academic year in which the student	
29	officially accepts the university's offer of admission.	
30	(c) The university shall:	
31	(1) set the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university;	
32	and	
33	(2) notify the budget committee of the tuition rates and	
34	mandatory fees;	
35	for the following academic year before December 1 of each year.	
36	(d) The general assembly recommends that the university	
37	conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition	
38	rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public	
39 10	hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the university's	
40	board must be present at the hearing.	

(e) Notwithstanding subsection (c), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational



41

1	institutions, the university may reset tuition rates and mandatory
2	fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who
3	has been offered admission to the university and has officially
4	notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of
5	admission before the university resets tuition rates and mandatory
6	fees under this subsection shall be charged:
7	(1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time
8	of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the
9	reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in
0	effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
1	(2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset
2	tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect
3	at the time of the individual's acceptance.
4	SECTION 10. IC 23-13-18-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
. 5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 8. (a) It shall be the
6	duty of the said trustees, and they are hereby authorized and required
7	as soon as may be, to:
8	(1) erect, purchase or hire, as they may deem most expedient, for
9	carrying the said university into effect, suitable buildings for the
20	said university;
21	(2) make ordinances for the government and discipline thereof;
22	(3) establish plans of education, which plans shall embrace each
23	and every of the languages, sciences and branches of learning
24	directed to be taught in the said university;
25	(4) regulate the admission of students and pupils into the same;
26	(5) elect and appoint persons of suitable learning and talents to be
27	president and professors of the said university and agree with
28	them for their salaries and emoluments;
29	(6) visit and inspect the said university;
0	(7) examine into the state of education and discipline therein;
31	(8) make a yearly report thereof to the legislature; and
2	(9) generally to do all lawful matters and things whatsoever,
3	necessary for the maintaining and supporting the institution and
4	for the more extensive communication of useful knowledge.
5	(b) Beginning with the 2005-2006 academic year, in setting
66	tuition rates and mandatory fees, the board of trustees must
57	provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time
8	student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more
9	than:
10	(1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living
1	index; or
-2	(2) four percent (4%);



1	whichever is greater, each year for the two (2) consecutive	
2	academic years following the academic year in which the student	
3	officially accepts the university's offer of admission.	
4	(c) The board of trustees shall:	
5	(1) set the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university;	
6	and	
7	(2) notify the budget committee of the tuition rates and	
8	mandatory fees;	
9	for the following academic year before December 1 of each year.	
10	(d) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees	
11	conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition	
12	rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public	
13	hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of	
14	trustees must be present at the hearing.	
15	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (c), not later than sixty (60) days	
16	after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational	
17	institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and	
18	mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an	
19	individual who has been offered admission to the university and	
20	has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance	
21	of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition	
22	rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:	
23	(1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time	
24	of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the	
25	reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in	
26	effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or	
27	(2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset	
28	tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect	V
29	at the time of the individual's acceptance.	
30	SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] (a) As used in this	
31	SECTION, "state educational institution" has the meaning set	
32	forth in IC 20-12-0.5-1.	
33	(b) A state educational institution shall notify the state budget	
34	committee of the state educational institution's tuition rate and	
35	mandatory fees for the 2005-2006 academic year before December	
36	1, 2004.	
37	(c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2004.	



SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Miller be added as second author of Senate Bill 262.

KENLEY

C

0

p



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Education and Career Development, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 262, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

- Page 2, line 11, after "tuition" insert "and fees".
- Page 2, line 16, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees (as defined by the commission for higher education)".
 - Page 2, line 17, after "tuition" insert "and mandatory fees".
 - Page 2, line 23, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees".
- Page 2, line 24, delete "rates;" and insert "rates and mandatory fees;".
 - Page 3, line 4, after "tuition" insert "and fees".
- Page 3, line 9, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees (as defined by the commission for higher education)".
 - Page 3, line 10, after "tuition" insert "and mandatory fees".
 - Page 3, line 16, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees".
- Page 3, line 17, delete "rates;" and insert "rates and mandatory fees;".
- Page 3, line 36, delete "rates," and insert "rates and mandatory fees (as defined by the commission for higher education),".
 - Page 3, line 36, after "the tuition" insert "and mandatory fees".
 - Page 3, line 42, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees".
- Page 4, line 1, delete "rates;" and insert "rates and mandatory fees;".
- Page 4, line 30, delete "rates," and insert "rates and mandatory fees (as defined by the commission for higher education),".
 - Page 4, line 30, after "the tuition" insert "and mandatory fees".
 - Page 4, line 36, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees".
- Page 4, line 37, delete "rates;" and insert "rates and mandatory fees:"
- Page 6, line 2, delete "rates," and insert "rates and mandatory fees (as defined by the commission for higher education),".
 - Page 6, line 2, after "the tuition" insert "and mandatory fees".
 - Page 6, line 7, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees".
- Page 6, line 8, delete "rates;" and insert "rates and mandatory fees;".
- Page 7, line 2, delete "rates," and insert "rates and mandatory fees (as defined by the commission for higher education),".
 - Page 7, line 2, after "the tuition" insert "and mandatory fees".









Page 7, line 8, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees".

Page 7, line 9, delete "rates;" and insert "rates and mandatory fees;".

Page 7, line 33, delete "rates," and insert "rates and mandatory fees (as defined by the commission for higher education),".

Page 7, line 33, after "the tuition" insert "and mandatory fees".

Page 7, line 38, after "rates" insert "and mandatory fees".

Page 7, line 39, delete "rates;" and insert "rates and mandatory fees:".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 262 as introduced.)

KENLEY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 6, Nays 4.



D



SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Miller be removed as second author of Senate Bill 262.

MILLER

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Skinner be added as second author of Senate Bill 262.

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senators Jackman and Miller be added as coauthors of Senate Bill 262.

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Drozda be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 262.

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 262 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 20-12-0.5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.24-2003, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 8. The commission shall have the following powers and duties:

SB 262-LS 6886/DI 71+



C

O





- (1) To develop, continually keep current, and implement a long range plan for postsecondary education. In developing this plan, the commission shall take into account the plans and interests of the state private institutions, anticipated enrollments in state postsecondary institutions, financial needs of students and other factors pertinent to the quality of educational opportunity available to the citizens of Indiana. The plan shall define the educational missions and the projected enrollments of the various state educational institutions.
- (2) To consult with and make recommendations to the commission on vocational and technical education within the department of workforce development on all postsecondary vocational education programs. The commission shall biennially prepare a plan for implementing postsecondary vocational education programming after considering the long range state plan developed under IC 20-1-18.3-10. The commission shall submit this plan to the commission on vocational and technical education within the department of workforce development for its review and recommendations, and shall specifically report on how the plan addresses preparation for employment.
- (3) To make recommendations to the general assembly and the governor concerning the long range plan, and prepare to submit drafts and proposed legislation needed to implement the plan. The commission may also make recommendations to the general assembly concerning the plan for postsecondary vocational education under subdivision (2).
- (4) To review the legislative request budgets of all state educational institutions preceding each session of the general assembly and to make recommendations concerning appropriations and bonding authorizations to state educational institutions including public funds for financial aid to students by any state agency. The commission may review all programs of any state educational institution, regardless of the source of funding, and may make recommendations to the governing board of the institution, the governor, and the general assembly concerning the funding and the disposition of the programs. In making this review, the commission may request and shall receive, in such form as may reasonably be required, from all state educational institutions, complete information concerning all receipts and all expenditures.
- (5) To submit to the commission on vocational and technical education within the department of workforce development for its









review under IC 20-1-18.3-15 the legislative budget requests prepared by state educational institutions for state and federal funds for vocational education. These budget requests shall be prepared upon request of the budget director, shall cover the period determined by the budget director, and shall be made available to the commission within the department of workforce development before review by the budget committee.

- (6) To make, or cause to be made, studies of the needs for various types of postsecondary education and to make recommendations to the general assembly and the governor concerning the organization of these programs. The commission shall make or cause to be made studies of the needs for various types of postsecondary vocational education and shall submit to the commission on vocational and technical education within the department of workforce development its findings in this regard. (7) To approve or disapprove the establishment of any new branches, regional or other campuses, or extension centers or of any new college or school, or the offering on any campus of any additional associate, baccalaureate, or graduate degree, or of any additional program of two (2) semesters, or their equivalent in duration, leading to a certificate or other indication of accomplishment. After March 29, 1971, no state educational institution shall establish any new branch, regional campus, or extension center or any new or additional academic college, or school, or offer any new degree or certificate as defined in this subdivision without the approval of the commission or without specific authorization by the general assembly. Any state educational institution may enter into contractual agreements with governmental units or with business and industry for specific programs to be wholly supported by the governmental unit or business and industry without the approval of the commission. (8) If so designated by the governor or the general assembly, to
- (8) If so designated by the governor or the general assembly, to serve as the agency for the purposes of receiving or administering funds available for postsecondary education programs, projects, and facilities for any of the acts of the United States Congress where the acts of Congress require the state to designate such an agency or commission. However, this subdivision does not provide for the designation of the commission by the governor as the recipient of funds which may be provided by acts of the United States Congress, received by an agency, a board, or a commission designated by the general assembly.
- (9) To designate and employ an executive officer and necessary









employees, to designate their titles, and to fix the compensation in terms of the employment.

- (10) To appoint appropriate advisory committees composed of representatives of state educational institutions, representatives of private colleges and universities, students, faculty, and other qualified persons.
- (11) To employ all powers properly incident to or connected with any of the foregoing purposes, powers, or duties, including the power to adopt rules.
- (12) To develop a definition for and report biennially to the:
 - (A) general assembly;
 - (B) governor; and
 - (C) commission on vocational and technical education within the department of workforce development;

on attrition and persistence rates by students enrolled in state vocational education.

- (13) To submit a report to the legislative council not later than August 30 of each year on the status of the transfer of courses and programs between state educational institutions. The report must include any changes made during the immediately preceding academic year.
- (14) To direct the activities of the committee, including the activities set forth in subdivisions (15) and (16).
- (15) To develop through the committee statewide transfer of credit agreements for courses that are most frequently taken by undergraduates.
- (16) To develop through the committee statewide agreements under which associate of arts and associate of science programs articulate fully with related baccalaureate degree programs.
- (17) To publicize by all appropriate means, including an Internet web site, a master list of course transfer of credit agreements and program articulation agreements.
- (18) For purposes of assisting state educational institutions in setting tuition rates and mandatory fees only, to perform the following functions:
 - (A) Annually determine the higher education cost of living index, using information developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.
 - (B) Determine when a student is considered to be a full-time student.
 - (C) Determine which fees are mandatory fees; however, mandatory fees may not include fees that:











- (i) are recommended and supported by students for the funding of student activities and services; or
- (ii) provide additional student benefits.".

Page 2, delete lines 18 through 23 and insert "fees under section 2 of this chapter, the board of trustees must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

- (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- **(2) four percent (4%);**

whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission."

Page 2, between lines 29 and 30, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(c) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of trustees must be present at the hearing.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
 - (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
 - (2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance."

Page 3, delete lines 14 through 19 and insert "fees under section 4 of this chapter, the board of trustees must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

- (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- (2) four percent (4%);

whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive



C







academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission.".

Page 3, between lines 25 and 26, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(c) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of trustees must be present at the hearing.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
 - (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
 - (2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance."

Page 4, line 1, delete "fees (as defined by the commission for" and insert "fees, the board of trustees must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

- (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- **(2) four percent (4%)**;

whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission."

Page 4, delete lines 2 through 6.

Page 4, between lines 12 and 13, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(e) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of trustees must be present at the hearing.
- (f) Notwithstanding subsection (d), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational









institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:

- (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
- (2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance."

Page 4, line 40, delete "fees (as defined by the commission for" and insert "fees, the board of trustees must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

- (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- (2) four percent (4%); whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission."

Page 4, delete lines 41 through 42.

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 3.

Page 5, between lines 9 and 10, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(d) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board of trustees must be present at the hearing.
- (e) Notwithstanding subsection (c), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
 - (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in











effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or

(2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance."

Page 6, line 15, delete "fees (as defined by the commission for" and insert "fees, the state board must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

- (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- (2) four percent (4%);

whichever is greater, each year for the two (2) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the college's offer of admission."

Page 6, delete lines 16 through 20.

Page 6, between lines 25 and 26, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(f) The general assembly recommends that the state board conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the college each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the state board must be present at the hearing.
- (g) Notwithstanding subsection (e), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the state board may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the college and has officially notified the college of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the state board resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
 - (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the college's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
 - (2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance."

Page 7, line 18, delete "fees (as defined by the commission for" and insert "fees, the university must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time undergraduate student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

(1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or









(2) four percent (4%);

whichever is greater, each year for the four (4) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission."

Page 7, delete lines 19 through 23.

Page 7, between lines 29 and 30, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(d) The general assembly recommends that the university conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the university's board must be present at the hearing.
- (e) Notwithstanding subsection (c), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the university may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the university resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
 - (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
 - (2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance."

Page 8, line 10, delete "fees (as defined by the commission for" and insert "fees, the board of trustees must provide that the tuition and mandatory fees charged a full-time student who is a resident of Indiana may be increased by not more than:

- (1) a percentage equal to the higher education cost of living index; or
- (2) four percent (4%);

whichever is greater, each year for the two (2) consecutive academic years following the academic year in which the student officially accepts the university's offer of admission."

Page 8, delete lines 11 through 15.

Page 8, after line 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(d) The general assembly recommends that the board of trustees conduct at least one (1) public hearing before setting the tuition rates and mandatory fees for the university each year. If a public hearing is conducted, at least two (2) members of the board









of trustees must be present at the hearing.

- (e) Notwithstanding subsection (c), not later than sixty (60) days after the enactment of the biennial budget bill for state educational institutions, the board of trustees may reset tuition rates and mandatory fees for incoming freshman students. However, an individual who has been offered admission to the university and has officially notified the university of the individual's acceptance of the offer of admission before the board of trustees resets tuition rates and mandatory fees under this subsection shall be charged:
 - (1) the tuition rates and mandatory fees in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance of the university's offer, if the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees are higher than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance; or
 - (2) the reset tuition rate and mandatory fees, if the reset tuition rates and mandatory fees are lower than those in effect at the time of the individual's acceptance.

SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] (a) As used in this SECTION, "state educational institution" has the meaning set forth in IC 20-12-0.5-1.

- (b) A state educational institution shall notify the state budget committee of the state educational institution's tuition rate and mandatory fees for the 2005-2006 academic year before December 1, 2004.
 - (c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2004.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 262 as printed January 16, 2004.)

KENLEY









